#### Form 1 Science Curriculum

# Objectives: At the end of the lessons, students should be able to

### First Term

Understand how scientists work and appreciate the contributions of the scientists

Identify and draw the scientific apparatus, and state the their uses

State the safety equipment and safety precautions in a laboratory

Perform some basic skills in doing experiments, i.e., mixing solutions, using

Bunsen burner, making measurements

State the steps of carrying out a scientific investigation

Identify the variables and design a fair test

State and observe the characteristics of living things

Appreciate the diversity of living things on earth and state their habitats

Observe the variations within the same kind of living things and show the variations in a bar chart or a histogram

Understand the need for classification and suggest different ways to classify the living things

Use and construct a key to identify living things

State the meaning of endangered species and explain the effects of human activities on wildlife

Explain the importance of protecting wildlife and suggest ways of conserving wildlife

State the basic unit of living things

State the uses of different parts of a microscope and observe cells under a microscope

Identify and draw the basic structure of a plant cell and an animal cell, and explain the functions of different parts of a cell

Outline how a cell divides and grows

State the differences of two types of reproduction, i.e., asexual reproduction and sexual reproduction

State and identify the human sex cells

State and identify both male and female reproductive system, and state the functions of different parts of the human reproductive system

Outline how human reproduce and state the importance of parental care

## **Second Term**

State the changes in puberty and secondary sexual characteristics and develop a positive attitude towards the changes

State and explain the signs of sexual maturity, i.e., nocturnal emission and menstrual cycle

State how to avoid unwanted pregnancy and explain the use of a male condom

State different forms of energy and give examples for each form of energy

Understand that energy can be changed from one form to another form and state the energy conversion in different examples of energy converters

Understand the potential risk of uncontrolled energy conversion

State the commonly used fuels in Hong Kong

State the properties of good fuels

State and explain the safety precautions when using fuels

Outline how electricity is generated

State the types of energy sources in Hong Kong

State the limitations and disadvantages of using fossil fuels

State the difference between renewable and non-renewable energy sources

Suggest ways to solve the problem of energy crisis

State the importance of water

State the types of impurities in water

Explain and perform the methods of water purification, i.e., sedimentation, filtration and distillation

Suggest ways to kill microorganisms in water

Outline the water treatment process in Hong Kong

Explain the water cycle

Investigate the factors affecting the rate of evaporation of water

State the importance of water conservation and suggest ways to conserve water

Explain the causes of water pollution

Identify a solvent, a solute and a solution

State the meaning of a saturated solution

Investigate the factors affecting the rate of dissolving

Grow crystals in the laboratory

Give examples of solvents other than water and understand the potential hazards of using organic solvent

State the three states of matter and their properties

Observe and describe the change of states of matter

Outline the particle theory of matter

Describe the three states of matter using the particle model

Explain the gas pressure using the particle model and measure the gas pressure

Give some examples in our daily life which show the effect of atmospheric pressure

State the meaning of density and calculate density

Give some examples in our daily life which show thermal expansion and

contraction

Explain thermal expansion and contraction using the particle theory

#### Form 2 Science Curriculum

# Objectives: At the end of the lessons, students should be able to

# First Term

State the composition of air

Use some tests to show the presence of oxygen, carbon dioxide and water in the air

State and explain the difference between breathed and unbreathed air

State the conditions for burning and suggest ways to put out fire

Suggest and explain some safety precautions which help avoid fire accidents

Outline how humans obtain energy from food and state the meaning of respiration

Find out the amounts of energy in different snacks

Outline how green plants obtain energy and state the meaning of photosynthesis

Use various ways to test for the products of photosynthesis

Investigate the conditions required for photosynthesis

State the importance of photosynthesis

Find out the rate of gas exchange in animals

Investigate how the light intensity affects the gas exchange in plants

Explain the cause of greenhouse effect and global warming

State the causes of air pollution and its effects

Understand the potential hazards of smoking and passive smoking

State the conditions required for current flow

State the difference between electrical conductors and insulators and give examples

State the meanings of current, voltage and resistance and measure current, voltage and resistance in the laboratory

Investigate the factors affecting the resistance of a wire

Use rheostats to adjust resistance

Draw circuit diagrams using different symbols

## **Second Term**

Identify and make series and parallel circuits

Find out the heating effect of current and state its applications

Explain the design of three-pin plugs and mains socket

Explain the importance of earth wires, earthing and ring circuits

State the potential dangers in using mains electricity and suggest some safety precautions

Calculate electrical power and the cost of electricity Find out the magnetic effect of current State the effects of forces State the difference between contact forces and non-contact forces and give examples Measure forces State the meaning and effect of friction and measure friction Suggest different ways to reduce friction State the difference between mass and weight and state the meaning of the force of gravity Distinguish action and reaction forces and state some common uses Explain the importance of streamlined design in rockets and state the types of fuels used Appreciate the work of astronauts and scientists towards space travel Suggest some examples of acids and alkalis in our daily life Suggest some safety precautions when handling acids and alkalis Use indicators for distinguishing acids and alkalis State the effects of acids on metals and building materials State the causes of acid rain and its effects State the effect of neutralization and the products formed during neutralisation State some common uses of neutralization State some common uses of acids and alkalis in our daily life State the importance of sensing the environment and the sense organs in humans Explain the functions of different parts of a human eye Explain how an image is formed in the eye Understand the limitations of human eyes State the difference between short sight and long sight Explain how sound is produced and transmitted Explain the functions of different parts of a human ear Understand the limitations of human ears State the causes of noise pollution and its effects State the importance of skin and compare the sensitivity of different parts of the skin Understand the limitations of human skin State the importance of smell and taste receptors

State the importance of human brain in relation to human sensation and state the

main parts of the brain

State the effects of alcohol, drugs and solvents on our senses